ASSETS		LIABILITIES		
ASSETS IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	367,259,768	LIABILITIES IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	24,652,288	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,556,871	Items in the Course of Collection	2,452,597	
Time Deposits Placed with Financial Institutions	4,333,120	Deposits Received from Financial Institutions	472	
Financial Assets Purchased Under Agreement to Resell	9,862,651	Financial Assets Sold Under Agreements to Repurchase	9,866,432	
Derivatives	56,248	Derivatives	42,393	
Debt Securities	333,754,215	Loans Payable	1,057,621	
Gold	1,777,376	Deposit Received from International Financial Organizations	8,877,463	
Investments in International Financial Oragnizations	8,802,577	Accounts Paybale		
Other	116,710	Other	2,315,490	
ASSETS IN LOCAL CURRENCY	411,639,267	LIABILITIES IN LOCAL CURRENCY	656,901,543	
Financial Assets Purchased Under Agreement to Resell	1,381	Items in the Course of Collection	579,077	
Deposits	599,151	Deposits Received from Financial Institutions	144,630,117	
Derivatives	143,999	Financial Assets Sold Under Agreements to Repurchase	227,320,187	
Debt Securities	364,706,632	Derivatives	1,142	
Receivables from the Federal Government	17,854,584	Payables to the Federal Government	272,646,170	
Credits Receivables	24,218,343	Accounts Paybale	1,113,734	
Property, Plant and Equipment	790,508	Deposit Received from International Financial Organizations	29,780	
Other	3,324,669	Provision	10,561,075	
		Other	20,261	
		CURRENCY IN CIRCULATION	89,466,285	
		NET EQUITY	2,653,481	
		Income Reserve	1,606,019	
		Revaluation Reserve	479,011	
		Gains (Losses) Recognized Directly in Equity	(2,007,905)	
		Retained Earnings	2,576,356	
		INCOME ACCOUNTS	5,225,438	
		Creditor	45,502,560	
		(Debtor)	(40,277,122)	
TOTAL	778,899,035	TOTAL	778,899,035	

(The Explanatory Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements)

FOREIGN CURRENCIES OPERATIONS	10,357,214
Interest income	467,586
Interest expenses	(221,955)
(=) Net ineterest income	245,631
Gains (losses) on financial assets classified as "At fair value through profit or loss" - held for trading	10,511,801
Gains (losses) from foreign exchange	(400,218)
LOCAL CURRENCY OPERATIONS	(4,985,640)
Interest income	11,224,356
Interest expenses	(15,707,712)
(=) Net ineterest income	(4,483,356)
Gains (losses) on financial assets classified as "At fair value through profit or loss" - held for trading	(880,121)
Gains (losses) on financial assets classified as "At fair value through profit or loss" - designated by management	414,720
Gains (losses) from foreign currency-linked operations	(36,883)
OTHER INCOME	447,278
OTHER EXPENSES	(593,414)
NET INCOME (LOSS) RECOGNIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH IFRSs	5,225,438
Suplementary Information Not Required by IFRSs	
NET INCOME (LOSS) RECOGNIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH IFRSs	5,225,438
Net result from exchange rate variations and swaps	(2,773,114)
NET INCOME (LOSS) EXCLUDING THE RESULT FROM EXCHANGE RATE VARIATIONS AND SW	7,998,552



# **EXPLANATORY NOTE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – March 31st, 2008** (In thousand of Reais)

### FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY LAW - MANDATORY INFORMATION

### a) Impact and fiscal cost of operations - Fiscal Responsibility Law - Article 7, paragraph 2:

The sole paragraph of Article 8 of Law 4,595/1964, as amended by Decree-Law 2,376/1987, stipulates that "the results obtained by Banco Central do Brasil, considering the revenues and expenses of all its operations, shall be, effective from January 1, 1988, determined on an accrual basis and transferred to the National Treasury, after offsetting any losses from prior fiscal years".

This provision was partially amended by the Fiscal Responsibility Law:

"Article 7. The positive result of Banco Central, calculated after constitution or reversal of reserves, constitutes a revenue of the National Treasury and shall be transferred not later than the tenth business day subsequent to approval of the half-year balance sheets."

Paragraph 1: The negative results will constitute a Treasury liability owed to the Banco Central do Brasil and will be consigned to a specific budget allocation account."

In accordance with Item II of Article 2 of Provisional Measure 2,179-36, these negative results must be covered not later than the tenth business day of the fiscal year subsequent to the year of approval of the financial statements by the CMN.

#### Therefore:

- I The result of the Banco Central do Brasil "The Bank" is comprised of revenues and expenses related to all of its operations;
- II Positive results are transferred as revenues to the National Treasury, and negative results are covered as expenses of the National Treasury;
  - III Such results are included in the Fiscal Budget of the National Treasury account.

The Bank experienced a surplus of R\$5,225,438 in the first quarter, that, with the resultof the second quarter, will compose the result of the first half-year to be transferred to or covered by the National Treasury. In conformity with Article 9, Paragraph 5, of the Fiscal Responsibility Law, within ninety days after the end of the semester, the Bank shall present, in a joint meeting of the interested committees of the National Congress (among which the Economic Subjects Commission, the Finances and Taxation Commission, and the Public Budget Commission), an evaluation report on compliance with the objectives and targets of the monetary, credit and foreign exchange policies; and also demonstrating the impact and fiscal costs of its operations and the results depicted in its financial statements.

## b) Cost of remunerating the National Treasury deposits with the Bank - Fiscal Responsibility Law, Article 7, Paragraph 3

The cost corresponding to the remuneration of the National Treasury deposits amounted to R\$7,148,146 in the first quarter of 2008.

## c) Cost of maintaining foreign exchange reserves - Fiscal Responsibility Law, Article 7, Paragraph 3:

The cost of maintaining the foreign exchange reserves is calculated as the difference between the yield on the international reserves and the average cost of the Bank's liabilities. The yield on the international reserves is the sum of net profitability of these operations divided by the average in the period of the daily



balances. The average cost of the Bank's liabilities is calculated dividing the cost of remunerating these liabilities by the average of the daily balances in the period of the liabilities including the Bank's net equity.

	International	Reserves	- Cost of funding	Cost of Maintaining	
	Average Balance	Profitability	oost or running	International Reserves	
	(R\$ '000)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(R\$ '000)
1st quarter	328,795,307	3.34%	2.02%	1.32%	4,340,098

### d) Profitability of the securities portfolio - Fiscal Responsibility Law, Article 7, Paragraph 3

Debt Scurities issued by the Federal Government	Income	Expenses	Result
1st quarter	10,418,980	(39,523)	10,379,457

### Governor of the Banco Central do Brasil

Henrique de Campos Meirelles

### **Deputy Governors**

Alexandre Antonio Tombini Alvir Alberto Hoffmann Anthero de Moraes Meirelles Antonio Gustavo Matos do Vale Maria Celina Berardinelli Arraes Mario Gomes Torós Mário Magalhães Carvalho Mesquita

### **Head of the Accounting and Financial Department**

Jefferson Moreira – Accountant – CRC-DF 7,333