BANCO CENTRAL DO BRASIL-FOCUS

October 6, 2000

Median of market expectations for inflation measured by the consumer price index - IPCA increased to 6.29% from 6.23% for 2000 and remained stable at 4.30% for 2001, during the week, as tracked by Banco Central do Brasil daily survey. Expectations for the IPC-Fipe decreased to 5.50% from 5.55% and the INPC declined to 5.80% from 5.82%, for the year 2000. Forecasts for the IGP-DI and for the IGP-M increased to 9.50% from 9.46% and to 9.60% from 9.50%, respectively, for the same period and the median of market expectations for GDP improved to 3.82% from 3.80%. Forecasts for the trade surplus declined to US\$0.86 billion from US\$1.00 billion for 2000 and to US\$2.50 from US\$2.58 for 2001. Median of market expectations for the current account deficit decreased to US\$24.90 from US\$24.80 for 2000 and to US\$24.50 from US\$24.45 for 2001. Forecasts for other economic indicators, along with median expectations for the Top 5 forecasters are quoted in the tables and figures below.

Table 1

Market Readout

Banco Central do Brasil Daily Survey on Market Expectations Median of Market Expectations

PRICE INDICES

	September		October	
(% change)	as of September 29	as of today	as of September 29	as of today
IGP-DI	0.76	0.79	0.50	0.50
IGP-M	-	-	0.48	0.50
IPC-Fipe	-	-	0.40	0.40
INPC .	0.35	0.30	0.51	0.50
IPCA	0.37	0.30	0.40	0.40

	2000		2001	
IGP-DI	9.46	9.50	5.28	5.28
IGP-M	9.50	9.60	5.00	5.00
IPC-Fipe	5.55	5.50	4.00	4.00
INPC	5.82	5.80	4.20	4.25
IPCA	6.23	6.29	4.30	4.30

OTHER ECONOMIC INDICATORS

OTTIER EGOTTOMIC INDIGITION					
	2000		2001		
	as of September 29	as of today	as of September 29	as of today	
GDP growth (%) Trade Balance	3.80	3.82	4.20	4.20	
(US\$ billion) Current Account	1.00	0.86	2.58	2.50	
(US\$ billion) Fiscal Figures (% of GDP)	-24.80	-24.90	-24.45	-24.50	
- Primary Balance - Nominal Balance	3.25 -3.80	3.25 -3.80	3.00 -2.90	3.00 -2.90	

Top 5 median expectations indices are calculated from the full sample based on the five institutions with minima penalty scores, calculated from observations on the institution's degree of forecast precision over the last four months. Each inflation figure that is released creates two penalty scores for each institution, that are the quadratic errors of the forecasts that the institution informed two and one day before the release of the actual figure. If the institution did not inform any value for those days, it receives the penalty of the worst performer in the sample for the period. The monthly penalty is calculated according to the formula below.

$$monthly penalty = \frac{(100 \cdot (E[\pi_t \mid t-2] - \pi_t))^2 + (100 \cdot (E[\pi_t \mid t-1] - \pi_t))^2}{1000}$$

where π denotes inflation in percentage points

Table 2

Market Readout

Banco Central do Brasil Daily Survey on Market Expectations
Top 5 Median Expectations

	September		October	
(% change)	as of September 29	as of today	as of September 29	as of today
IGP-DI	0.60	0.60	0.50	0.50
IGP-M	-	-	0.45	0.45
IPC-Fipe	-	-	0.40	0.40
INPC .	0.45	0.45	0.55	0.50
IPCA	0.30	0.29	0.37	0.32

IGP-DI	2000		2001	
	9.60	9.60	6.00	6.00
IGP-M	9.40	9.70	5.15	5.15
IPC-Fipe	5.50	5.50	4.20	4.20
INPC .	5.87	5.87	4.00	4.00
IPCA	6.20	6.20	4.15	4.15
GDP	3.80	3.80	4.20	4.50

Figure 1

Central Bank Daily Survey on Market Expectations

Evolution of Median Expectations for Inflation

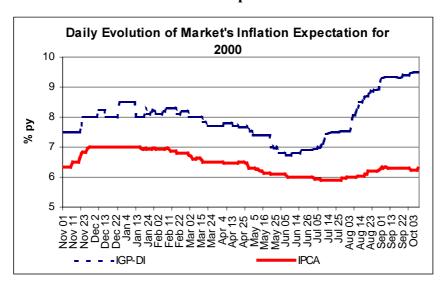
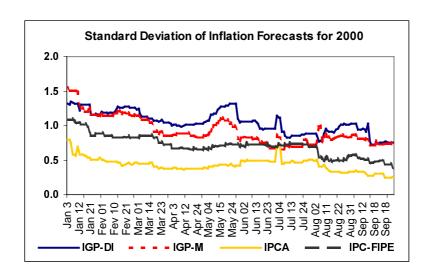


Figure 2
Dispersion of Inflation Forecasts for 2000



Information for unrestricted disclosure. It is not intended to bind Banco Central do Brasil in its monetary or foreign exchange policy actions. Contact information for e-mail distribution at gci.bacen@bcb.gov.br